

**Government of Maharashtra**

SEAC-2013/CR-386/TC-1  
Environment department  
Room No. 217, 2<sup>nd</sup> floor,  
Mantralaya Annexe,  
Mumbai- 400 032.  
Dated: 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2014

To,  
M/s. Amity Constructions  
A Wing, 1st floor, Dattani Towers,  
Kora Kendra, S. V. Road,  
Borivali West, Mumbai 400 092.

**Subject: Environment Clearance for proposed SRA scheme on property bearing at CTS No. 91 of village Kurar & at CTS No. 388, 388/1 to 53, 389, 389/1 to 9, 390A, 390A/1, 390C, 391A of village Malad (E) & CTS No. 598, 599/1 to 15, 600, 600/1 to 3, 601, 602, 602/1 to 228 of village Pahadi, Goregaon, Mumbai by M/s Amity Constructions**

Sir,

This has reference to your communication on the above mentioned subject. The proposal was considered as per the EIA Notification - 2006, by the State Level Expert Appraisal Committee-II, Maharashtra in its 24<sup>th</sup> meeting and recommend the project for prior environmental clearance to SEIAA. Information submitted by you has been considered by State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority in its 71<sup>st</sup> meeting.

2. It is noted that the proposal is for grant of Environmental Clearance for proposed SRA scheme on property bearing at CTS No. 91 of village Kurar & at CTS No. 388, 388/1 to 53, 389, 389/1 to 9, 390A, 390A/1, 390C, 391A of village Malad (E) & CTS No. 598, 599/1 to 15, 600, 600/1 to 3, 601, 602, 602/1 to 228 of village Pahadi, Goregaon, Mumbai. SEAC-II considered the project under screening category 8(a) B2 as per EIA Notification 2006.

**Brief Information of the project submitted by Project Proponent is as-**

Name of Project	"Slum Rehabilitation Scheme", at Malad, Mumbai.
Project Proponent	M/s. Amity Constructions.
Consultant	Ultra-Tech Environmental Consultancy & Laboratory
Type of project	SRA scheme
Location of the project	C.T.S. No. 602, 602/1 to 228 of Pahadi, Goregaon (East) and CTS no. 392 of village - Malad (East), Mumbai - 400 064.
Whether in Corporation / Municipal / other area	Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai (M.C.G.M.)
Applicability of the	33(10)

DCR	
Note on the initiated work (If applicable)	Total constructed work (FSI+ Non FSI): Not Applicable • Date and area details in the necessary approvals issued by the competent authority (attach scan copies): Not Applicable
LOI / NOC from MHADA / Other approvals (If applicable)	Date and construction area details mentioned in the approved letter: Received Letter of Intent (LOI) dated 19 <sup>th</sup> March 2012 from Slum Rehabilitation Authority Total Built - Up Area (FSI for the scheme): 25285.62 Sq. mt.
Total Plot Area (sq. m.)	11576.10 Sq. mt.
Deductions	8133.77 Sq. mt.
Net Plot area	3442.33 Sq. mt.
Permissible FSI (including TDR etc.)	25285.62 Sq.mt.
Proposed Built-up Area (FSI & Non-FSI)	•FSI area (sq. m.): 18491.79 •Non FSI area (sq. m.): 13148.69 •Total BUA area (sq. m.): 31640.48
Ground-coverage Percentage (%) <i>(Note: Percentage of plot not open to sky)</i>	1158.50 (33.65%)
Estimated cost of the project	Rs. 85.55 Crores
No. of building & its configuration(s) °	Rehabilitation: One building Ground(part)/ Stilt(part) + 1 <sup>st</sup> to 23 <sup>rd</sup> Upper Floors Sale: One composite building Basement + (part) Ground /(part) Stilt+ 1 <sup>st</sup> to 6 <sup>th</sup> Parking Floors + 32 Upper Floors
Number of tenants and shops	Rehabilitation: Flats: 208 Nos. Sale flats: 23 Nos. R/C: 5 Nos. Shops: 5 Nos. Balwadi: 3 Nos. Welfare Centre: 3 Nos. Society Offices: 2 Nos.  Sale: Flats: 117 Nos. Rehab flats: 55 Nos. Shops: 4 Nos.
Number of expected residents / users	Rehabilitation: 1250 nos. Sale: 872 nos. Total: 2122 nos.
Tenant density per hector	1226/hector
Height of the building(s)	Rehabilitation: 69.75 mt. (Upto terrace level) Sale: 125.20 mt. (Upto terrace level)
Right of way (Width of the road from the nearest fire station to the proposed	60.00 mt. wide Western Express Highway

building(s))	
Turning radius for easy access of fire tender movement from all around the building excluding the width for the plantation	Minimum 6.00 mt.
Existing structure(s)	There are existing slums on site which will be demolished.
Details of the demolition with disposal (If applicable)	The debris and excavated material generated shall be partly used for filling and partly shall be disposed by covered trucks to the authorized sites with permission from M.C.G.M.
Total Water Requirement	<p>Dry season:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fresh water (CMD): 185 (For Domestic: From M.C.G.M.)</li> <li>• Recycled water (CMD): 98 (STP Treated sewage)</li> </ul> <p>Flushing = 95 Gardening = 3</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Water Requirement (CMD):283</li> </ul> <p>Swimming Pool (CMD) : Not Applicable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fire fighting (Cum): (One Time Requirement)</li> </ul> <p>Rehabilitation: 200 Sale: 200</p> <p>Wet Season:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fresh water (CMD):185</li> </ul> <p>Domestic: From M.C.G.M. = 160 + From RWH tank = 25</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recycled water (CMD): 95 (STP Treated sewage for flushing)</li> <li>• Total Water Requirement (CMD): 280</li> <li>• Swimming pool make up (CMD): Not Applicable</li> <li>• Fire fighting (CMD): (One Time Requirement)</li> </ul> <p>Rehabilitation: 200 Sale: 200</p>
Rain Water Harvesting (RWH)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Level of the Ground water table:</li> <li>•Size and no of RWH tank(s) and Quantity: Rehabilitation: 13 KL Sale: 12 KL</li> <li>•Location of the RWH tank(s): Underground</li> <li>•Size, no of recharge pits and Quantity: Nil</li> <li>•Budgetary allocation (Capital cost and O&amp;M cost) Capital cost: Rs. 2.50 Lacs O &amp; M cost: Rs. 0.13 Lacs/annum</li> </ul>
UGT tanks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Location(s) of the UGT tank(s): Underground</li> </ul>
Storm water drainage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Natural water drainage pattern: The storm water collected through the storm water drains of adequate capacity will be discharged into the external drain.</li> <li>•Quantity of storm water: 0.13 m<sup>3</sup>/sec</li> <li>•Size of SWD: 500 mm wide with the slope of 1: 250</li> </ul>
Sewage and Waste water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Sewage generation (CMD): Rehabilitation: 141 Sale: 102</li> <li>•STP technology: MBBR</li> <li>•Capacity of STP (CMD): Rehabilitation: 160 KL</li> </ul>

	<p>Sale: 115 KL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Location of the STP: Underground</li> <li>•DG sets (during emergency): for essential back-up (Total DG capacity of the project including load of STP.)</li> </ul> <p>Redevelopment: 1 DG set of 250 kVA Sale: 1 DG set of 400 kVA</p> <p>•Budgetary allocation (Capital cost and O&amp;M cost): Capital cost: Rs. 110.55 Lacs O &amp; M cost: Rs. 21.33 Lacs/annum</p>																					
Solid waste Management	<p>Waste generation in the Pre Construction and Construction phase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Waste generation: The debris and excavated material generated shall be partly used for filling and partly shall be disposed by covered trucks to the authorized sites with permission from M.C.G.M.</li> <li>• Disposal of the construction waste debris: The construction waste shall be partly reused within plot and partly shall be disposed to Authorized landfill site.</li> </ul> <p>Waste generation in the operation Phase: Dry waste (Kg/day): 282 Wet waste (Kg/day): 645</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• STP Sludge (Dry sludge) (Kg/day): 36</li> </ul> <p>Mode of Disposal of waste:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dry waste: Non recyclable: To M.C.G.M. Recyclable: To recyclers</li> <li>• Wet waste: Organic Waste Converter (OWC)</li> </ul> <p>Area requirement: Location(s) and total area provided for the storage and treatment of the solid waste Location: Ground Area: Rehabilitation: 59 Sq. mt. Sale: 53 Sq.mt. Budgetary allocation (Capital cost and O&amp;M cost) Capital cost: Rs.18 lacs (Cost for treatment of biodegradable garbage in Organic Waste Converter (OWC) O &amp; M cost: Rs. 3.80 lacs/annum (Cost for treatment of biodegradable garbage in Organic Waste Converter (OWC)</p>																					
Green Belt Development	<p>RG on the ground: 418.14 Sq. mt.</p> <p>Plantation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Number and list of trees species to be planted in the ground RG: 84 nos.</li> </ul> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sr. No.</th> <th>Common Name</th> <th>Botanical Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sita Ashok</td> <td><i>Saraca asoka</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Parijatak</td> <td><i>Nyctanthes arbor-tristis</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Son chafa</td> <td><i>Michelia champaca</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Fish Tail Palm</td> <td><i>Caryota urens</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Shirish</td> <td><i>Albizia lebbeck</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>Bakul</td> <td><i>Mimusops elengi</i></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Existing trees: 9 Nos. Trees to be cut: 2 Nos.</p>	Sr. No.	Common Name	Botanical Name	1	Sita Ashok	<i>Saraca asoka</i>	2	Parijatak	<i>Nyctanthes arbor-tristis</i>	3	Son chafa	<i>Michelia champaca</i>	4	Fish Tail Palm	<i>Caryota urens</i>	5	Shirish	<i>Albizia lebbeck</i>	6	Bakul	<i>Mimusops elengi</i>
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	<p>Trees to be retain: 7 nos.</p> <p>Budgetary allocation (Capital cost and O&amp;M cost)  Capital cost: Rs. 2.30 Lacs  O &amp; M cost: Rs. 0.37 Lacs/annum</p>																
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Power supply:</li> <li>• Maximum demand: 995.41 KW</li> <li>• Connected load: 1248.88 KW</li> <li>• Source: Local Authority</li> </ul> <p>Energy saving by non-conventional method:</p> <p>Centralized solar water heating system with electrical back up  Solar panels for external lighting  Solar panels for energy generation and its reuse for common area lighting  Most of the common area lighting are proposed to work on high energy efficient lamps as specified in bureau of energy efficiency , LED lights, T-5 &amp; T-8 Tube lights &amp; Motion sensors for staircase lighting  All lifts and pumps are proposed on VFD drives.  All water pump motors will be used high Efficiency motors with high low level sensors</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Detail calculations &amp; % of saving: 20.00 %</li> <li>• Compliance of the ECBC guidelines: (Yes / No) (If yes Then submit compliance in tabular form): Yes.</li> <li>• Budgetary allocation (Capital cost and O&amp;M cost)  Capital cost: Rs. 115.24 lacs (Solar system)  O &amp; M cost: Rs. 2.30 lacs/annum (Solar system)</li> </ul> <p>DG Set:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Number and capacity of the DG sets to be used:  For essential backup  Redevelopment: 1 DG set of 250 kVA  Sale: 1 DG set of 400 kVA</li> <li>• Type of fuel used: Diesel</li> </ul>																
Environmental Management plan Budgetary Allocation	<p>Construction phase (with Break-up):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capital cost</li> <li>• O &amp; M cost (Please ensure manpower and other details)</li> </ul> <p>Total cost incurred for EMP</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="542 1646 1420 2016"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sr. No.</th> <th>Component</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Total Cost (Rs. In Lacs)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Air Environment</td> <td>Water for Dust Suppression</td> <td>12.96</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3">2</td> <td rowspan="3">Health &amp; Hygiene Environment</td> <td>Site Sanitation</td> <td>5.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Disinfection at site</td> <td>3.60</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Health Check up of workers</td> <td>27.00</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Sr. No.	Component	Description	Total Cost (Rs. In Lacs)	1	Air Environment	Water for Dust Suppression	12.96	2	Health & Hygiene Environment	Site Sanitation	5.00	Disinfection at site	3.60	Health Check up of workers	27.00
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3	Environment management	Environmental Monitoring	0.90		
4	Total Cost		49.46		
Operation Phase (with Break-up)-					
• Capital cost					
• O&M cost (Please ensure manpower and other details)					
Sr. No.	Component	Description	Capital cost Rs. In lacs.	Operational and Maintenance cost (Rs. In lacs/yr)	
1	Water Environment	Waste water treatment	STP cost of (2STPs of capacity 160 KL and 115 KL)	110.55	21.33
		Water Conservation (Rain Water Harvesting)	Rain Water Harvesting (2 RWH tanks of total capacity 25 KL)	2.50	0.13
2	Land Environment (Solid Waste Management)	Cost for Treatment of biodegradable garbage in OWC	18.00	3.80	
3	Air Environment	Gardening	2.30	0.37	
4	Energy Conservation	Solar panels for external lighting	7.50	0.15	
		Solar panels for common area lighting	44.00	0.88	
		Solar water heating system	63.74	1.27	
5	Environment Monitoring	--	MOEF approved agency for Monitoring.	17.54	
			Hence no set up cost is involved		
6	Other maintenance cost	Other maintenance cost (For SWM, Water tanks, DG etc.)	--	5.00	
Total Cost			248.59	50.47	
• Quantum and generation of Corpus fund and Commitment:					
Project proponent shall operate and maintain EMF for 3 years after giving					

	<p>possession and shall also generate corpus fund during 3 years for O &amp; M of Rs. 151.41 lacs (i.e. 50.47 lacs x 3 years).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Responsibility for further O &amp;M: Corpus fund shall be handed over to the society. While handing over Environmental Management Facilities M.O.U. shall be made with society to accept responsibility of further O &amp; M of EMF.</li> </ul> <p>Additionally for rehabilitation component a sum of Rs. 20,000/- per slum dweller shall be deposited to SRA as per their norm and further OC, it shall be handed over to the slum societies.</p>
Traffic Management	<p>Nos. of the junction to the main road &amp; design of confluence: Two entry &amp; two exit</p> <p>Parking details: Number and area of basement: 1 basement (Sale building) Number and area of podia: 6 parking floors (Sale building) Total Parking area: 3363.94 Sq.mt. Area per car: 27 Sq. mt./Car •4-Wheeler: 126 Nos. • Width of all Internal roads (m): minimum 6.00mt.</p>

3. The proposal has been considered by SEIAA in its 71<sup>st</sup> meeting & decided to accord environmental clearance to the said project under the provisions of Environment Impact Assessment Notification, 2006 subject to implementation of the following terms and conditions :

- (i) This environmental clearance is issued subject to land use verification. Local authority / planning authority should ensure this with respect to Rules, Regulations, Notifications, Government Resolutions, Circulars, etc. issued if any. Judgments/orders issued by Hon`ble High Court, Hon`ble NGT, Hon`ble Supreme Court regarding DCR provisions, environmental issues applicable in this matter should be verified. PP should submit exactly the same plans appraised by concern SEAC and SEIAA. If any discrepancy found in the plans submitted or details provided in the above para may be reported to environment department. This environmental clearance issued with respect to the environmental consideration and it does not mean that State Level Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) approved the proposed land use.
- (ii) This environmental clearance is issued subject to obtaining NOC from Forestry & Wild life angle including clearance from the standing committee of the National Board for Wild life as if applicable & this environment clearance does not necessarily implies that Forestry & Wild life clearance granted to the project which will be considered separately on merit.
- (iii) PP has to abide by the conditions stipulated by SEAC & SEIAA. PP to provide fire staircases opening at ground
- (iv) The height, Construction built up area of proposed construction shall be in accordance with the existing FSI/FAR norms of the urban local body & it should ensure the same along with survey number before approving layout plan & before according

commencement certificate to proposed work. Plan approving authority should also ensure the zoning permissibility for the proposed project as per the approved development plan of the area.

- (v) "Consent for Establishment" shall be obtained from Maharashtra Pollution Control Board under Air and Water Act and a copy shall be submitted to the Environment department before start of any construction work at the site.
- (vi) All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting construction activities and to be maintained throughout the construction phase.
- (vii) Project proponent shall ensure completion of STP, MSW disposal facility, green belt development prior to occupation of the buildings. No physical occupation or allotment will be given unless all above said environmental infrastructure is installed and made functional including water requirement in Para 2. Prior certification from appropriate authority shall be obtained.
- (viii) Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche and First Aid Room etc.
- (ix) Adequate drinking water and sanitary facilities should be provided for construction workers at the site. Provision should be made for mobile toilets. The safe disposal of wastewater and solid wastes generated during the construction phase should be ensured.
- (x) The solid waste generated should be properly collected and segregated. dry/inert solid waste should be disposed off to the approved sites for land filling after recovering recyclable material.
- (xi) Wet garbage should be treated by Organic Waste Converter and treated waste (manure) should be utilized in the existing premises for gardening. And, no wet garbage will be disposed outside the premises. Local authority should ensure this.
- (xii) Arrangement shall be made that waste water and storm water do not get mixed.
- (xiii) All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture / landscape development within the project site.
- (xiv) Additional soil for leveling of the proposed site shall be generated within the sites (to the extent possible) so that natural drainage system of the area is protected and improved.
- (xv) Green Belt Development shall be carried out considering CPCB guidelines including selection of plant species and in consultation with the local DFO/ Agriculture Dept.
- (xvi) Disposal of muck during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- (xvii) Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that there is no threat to ground water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.




- (xviii) Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials must not be allowed to contaminate watercourses and the dumpsites for such material must be secured so that they should not leach into the ground water.
- (xix) Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase should be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board.
- (xx) The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase should be low sulphur diesel type and should conform to Environments (Protection) Rules prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- (xxi) The diesel required for operating DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks and if required, clearance from concern authority shall be taken.
- (xxii) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and should be operated only during non-peak hours.
- (xxiii) Ambient noise levels should conform to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures should be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/MPCB.
- (xxiv) Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly Ash Notification of September 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003. (The above condition is applicable only if the project site is located within the 100Km of Thermal Power Stations).
- (xxv) Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- (xxvi) The approval of competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the buildings due to any possible earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments etc. as per National Building Code including measures from lighting.
- (xxvii) Storm water control and its re-use as per CGWB and BIS standards for various applications.
- (xxviii) Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- (xxix) The ground water level and its quality should be monitored regularly in consultation with Ground Water Authority.
- (xxx) The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) should be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard should be submitted to the MPCB and Environment department before the project is commissioned for operation. Discharge of this unused treated effluent, if any should be discharge in the sewer line. Treated effluent emanating from STP shall be recycled/refused to the maximum

extent possible. Discharge of this unused treated affluent, if any should be discharge in the sewer line. Treatment of 100% gray water by decentralized treatment should be done. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.

- (xxxix) Local body should ensure that no occupation certification is issued prior to operation of STP/MSW site etc. with due permission of MPCB.
- (xxxvii) Permission to draw ground water and construction of basement if any shall be obtained from the competent Authority prior to construction/operation of the project.
- (xxxviii) Separation of gray and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing line for separation of gray and black water.
- (xxxix) Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking should be of low flow either by use of aerators or pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.
- (xl) Use of glass may be reduced up to 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and load on air conditioning. If necessary, use high quality double glass with special reflective coating in windows.
- (xli) Roof should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement
- (xlii) Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs /TFLs for the lighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Use CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination. Use of solar panels may be done to the extent possible like installing solar street lights, common solar water heaters system. Project proponent should install, after checking feasibility, solar plus hybrid non conventional energy source as source of energy.
- (xliiii) Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of back up power for elevators and common area illumination during operation phase should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use low sulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with Maharashtra Pollution Control Board.
- (xliv) Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards. During nighttime the noise levels measured at the boundary of the building shall be restricted to the permissible levels to comply with the prevalent regulations.
- (xlv) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.
- (xlvi) Opaque wall should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code, which is proposed to be mandatory for all air-conditioned spaces while it is aspirational for non-air-conditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement

- (xlii) The building should have adequate distance between them to allow movement of fresh air and passage of natural light, air and ventilation.
- (xliii) Regular supervision of the above and other measures for monitoring should be in place all through the construction phase, so as to avoid disturbance to the surroundings.
- (xliv) Under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, legal action shall be initiated against the project proponent if it was found that construction of the project has been started without obtaining environmental clearance.
- (xlv) Six monthly monitoring reports should be submitted to the Regional office MoEF, Bhopal with copy to this department and MPCB.
- (xlvi) A complete set of all the documents submitted to Department should be forwarded to the Local authority and MPCB.
- (xlvii) In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project would require a fresh appraisal by this Department.
- (xlviii) A separate environment management cell with qualified staff shall be set up for implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards.
  
- (xlix) Separate funds shall be allocated for implementation of environmental protection measures/EMP along with item-wise breaks-up. These cost shall be included as part of the project cost. The funds earmarked for the environment protection measures shall not be diverted for other purposes and year-wise expenditure should reported to the MPCB & this department.
  
- (l) The project management shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated in the region around the project, one of which shall be in the Marathi language of the local concerned within seven days of issue of this letter, informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and copies of clearance letter are available with the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board and may also be seen at Website at <http://ec.maharashtra.gov.in>.
  
- (li) Project management should submit half yearly compliance reports in respect of the stipulated prior environment clearance terms and conditions in hard & soft copies to the MPCB & this department, on 1<sup>st</sup> June & 1<sup>st</sup> December of each calendar year.
  
- (lii) A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by proponent to the concerned Municipal Corporation and the local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the Company by the proponent.
  
- (liii) The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; SPM, RSPM, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sector parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain.
  
- (liv) The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the respective Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB.

- (iv) The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF by e-mail.
4. The environmental clearance is being issued without prejudice to the action initiated under EP Act or any court case pending in the court of law and it does not mean that project proponent has not violated any environmental laws in the past and whatever decision under EP Act or of the Hon'ble court will be binding on the project proponent. Hence this clearance does not give immunity to the project proponent in the case filed against him, if any or action initiated under EP Act.
  5. In case of submission of false document and non compliance of stipulated conditions, Authority/ Environment Department will revoke or suspend the Environmental Clearance without any intimation and initiate appropriate legal action under Environmental Protection Act, 1986.
  6. The Environment department reserves the right to add any stringent condition or to revoke the clearance if conditions stipulated are not implemented to the satisfaction of the department or for that matter, for any other administrative reason.
  7. **Validity of Environment Clearance:** The environmental clearance accorded shall be valid for a period of 5 years.
  8. In case of any deviation or alteration in the project proposed from those submitted to this department for clearance, a fresh reference should be made to the department to assess the adequacy of the condition(s) imposed and to incorporate additional environmental protection measures required, if any.
  9. The above stipulations would be enforced among others under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution ) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and rules there under, Hazardous Wastes (Management and Handling ) Rules, 1989 and its amendments, the public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 and its amendments.
  10. Any appeal against this environmental clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal (Western Zone Bench, Pune), New Administrative Building, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, D-, Wing, Opposite Council Hall, Pune, if preferred, within 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
  11. This Environment Clearance is issued for proposed SRA scheme on property bearing at CTS No. 91 of village Kurar & at CTS No. 388, 388/1 to 53, 389, 389/1 to 9, 390A, 390A/1, 390C, 391A of village Malad (E) & CTS No. 598, 599/1 to 15, 600, 600/1 to 3, 601, 602, 602/1 to 228 of village Pahadi, Goregaon, Mumbai by M/s Amity Constructions.

  
(Medha Gadgil)  
Additional Chief Secretary,  
Environment department &  
MS, SEIAA

**Copy to:**

1. Shri. R. C. Joshi, IAS (Retd.), Chairman, SEIAA, Flat No. 26, Belvedere, Bhulabhai desai road, Breach candy, Mumbai- 400026.
2. Shri. Ravi Bhushan Budhiraja, Chairman, SEAC-II, 5-South, Dilwara Apartment, Cooperage, M.K.Road, Mumbai 400021
3. Additional Secretary, MoEF & CC, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, Jorbagh Road, Aliganj, New Delhi-110003.
4. Member Secretary, Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, with request to display a copy of the clearance.
5. The CCF, Regional Office, Ministry of Environment and Forest (Regional Office, Western Region, Kendriya Paryavaran Bhavan, Link Road No- 3, E-5, Ravi-Shankar Nagar, Bhopal- 462 016). (MP).
6. Regional Office, MPCB, Mumbai.
7. Collector, Mumbai
8. Commissioner, Municipal Corporation Greater Mumbai (MCGM)
9. CEO, Slum Rehabilitation Authority, Bandra (E), Mumbai
10. IA- Division, Monitoring Cell, MoEF & CC, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, Jorbagh Road, Aliganj, New Delhi-110003.
11. Select file (TC-3)

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